	OF THE CORON		Coroner's Report					1. Case Number :		14-173	
Room 241 Hall Of Justice San Rafael, California 94903		03	In The Matter Of The Death Of:			2. Date Of Report 11/05/2014		3. Report Time 0800 HOURS			
ROB	SERT T. DOY	(LE	ROBIN N	ICLAL	JRIN WIL	LIAMS		4. Date Of 1 FND 08/1			Of Death HOURS
6. Sex MALE	7. Race CAUCASIA	8. Hair BROWN	9. Eyes BLUE		10. Age 63	11. Birtt		12. Nativity		13. Citi. USA	
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Place Of								38. C	ity JRON		O. City Limits
Death	40. Mortuary / Location Remains Moved To NAPA COUNTY SHERIFF- CORONER FACILITY						emains N ARRIS	loved By Orde		I	
IV. Dispo-	42. Name Of Funeral Director MONTE'S CHAPEL OF THE HILLS					201,200	HUNE	27332			
sition Of Remains	44. Disposition Of Remains 45. Location Of Rem CREMATION				<b>! ♣</b> :						46. Date
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OFFICE OF THE CORONER Coroner's Rep		's Repor	Report		1. Case Number :		14-173				
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COR CC 1600 I SAN RAF	ERIFF'S OFFICE ONER DIVISION DUNTY OF MARIN Los Gamos Dr. #205 AEL, CALIFORNIA 94903 6043 / (415) 473-6048 fax	{ Robin Me	VESTIGATIV latter Of The Dea	th Of;	CASE NO.  CR14-173  DATE OF REPORT 10.29,2014  DATE OF DEATH Found: 08.11.2014	TIME 1500 hours TIME 1 1202 hours
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		Actor	ATION EMPL	UYEK		
	N RELATIONSHIP	NAME (MAIDEN NAME C	OF WIFE).	ADDRESS		PHONE
11.	O  Spouse	Susan Williams				
Next				~ <i>w</i>		
Of	F					
Kin		NOTIFICATION MADE B		**		
	E NOK@SCENE D X Yes	Spouse present shor		uronounziád	TIME ~1210	08.11.2014
	1,03	Confirmed by D. Ha	uris, #K2	aonounced,	1210	U0.11.2014
III.	DEATH PRONOUNCED BY Medic 10, Marin Count	v Fire	PLACE OF DEATH Single Family	(FACILITY OR TYP	E OF PREMISES)	
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or Death	REMAINS REMOVED TO Napa County Sheriff - 0	Coroner Facility		RDER OF NAME AT Tarris,#K2	ND RELATIONSHIP	,
IV.	PLACE OF INJURY		DATE	OF INJURY	INDUSTRIAL	HOUR
i V x	Own Residence SYNOPSIS OF INJURY/DEAT	Н	[ 08/-	-/2014	N/A	UNK
Injury	63-year-old male with a was found deceased sec of rigor and lividity who supplied on scene by the medical records from the PAST MEDICAL HX	ondary to an apparent hen found; therefore no results subject's spouse, which	esuscitative effor h was later confi	ts were attempte	ed. All medical histor	y was initially
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Other	OTHER AGENCY Marin County Sheriffs	Office			E NO. 4-4622	
Agency	WITNESSES - NAME Deputy J. Pence		ADE MCS	DRESS:	PHON 473.7	
01	D. Harris INVESTIGATOR	K2	APPROVEC	OBY: ASS	LT.KEITH T.CHIEF DEPU	BOYD WY 11.5- FTY CORONER

SHERIFF'S OFFICE CORONER DIVISION		CR14-173
COUNTY OF MARIN 1600 Los Gamos Dr. #205 SAN RAFAEL, CALIFORNIA 94903		Found: 08.11.2014
(415) 473-6043 / (415) 473-6048 fax	MARK CHI CONTROLL	
10.29,2014	Robin McLaurin WILLIAMS	D. Harris, #K2

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### DEATH / INJURY SCENE INVESTIGATION:

I began my scene assessment at about 1354 hours.

The subject was located in a bedroom off a long hallway, which was on the opposite end of the home from the master bedroom. The room was fully furnished, with furniture items consisting of a large wood framed bunk hed, desk / chair, small refrigerator, 2-padded chairs (one flush to the bunk hed and the other against the wall adjacent to the entryway), wood shelved media cabinet with 3-padded stools slid beneath the cabinetry, and 3-large padded ottomans lined up beneath the bedroom window. The bedroom window was on the west side of the room and faced the street in front of the home. There were two closets on opposite ends of the room (northwest and southeast), each with a wood door. A full bathroom was connected to this bedroom. The room was in good order. The top and bottom bunk were fully dressed with bedding. The bedding on the top bunk was made. The hedding on the bottom bunk was crumpled and pulled down.

The subject was located adjacent to the exterior side of the closet door on the northwest side of the bedroom. He was in a seated position, facing west, and slightly leaning forward with a black nylon belt secured around his neck. The tongue slightly protruded forward and the tip was darkened. His right shoulder was in contact with the closet door, several inches below the doorknob. The lateral aspect of the right upper back was in contact with the wood molding on the closet door's frame. His left buttock was slightly elevated above the carpeted floor and the right buttock was in contact with the floor. His thighs were extended in front of his torso with both hands resting over the center of his thighs. His right leg was bent at the knee and crossed medially toward his left side. The left knee was flexed with the leg positioned laterally and away from the left side of his body. The opposite end of the belt around his neck was secured between the vertical side of the closed closet door and doorframe, positioned along the doorknob side of the door. The belt was fastened through a carbon slip lock style buckle and extended upward from the posterior side of the subject's neck and was fully taught. A folded white towel was looped over the belt, separating the belt from the skin along the anterior portion of his neck. The towel extended down to his waist, covering his chest and abdomen. There were no reflective devices or pomography anywhere near the subject's body.

The subject was wearing a black short-sleeve t-shirt, black jeans, black leather belt with a white metal belt buckle around the waist, and blue boxer-style underwear. His clothing was appropriately draped on his body. The t-shirt was untucked, but extended past the waist of his jeans. The sleeve over the subject's right shoulder was slightly pushed upward; it appeared the subject's weight was pressed against the doorframe and slid downward to his current position—causing the shirt to bunch upward. The belt on his waist was appropriately threaded through the belt loops of his jeans and the metal buckle was fastened. His pant button and zipper were buttoned and fully zipped up. He was cool to palpation and rigor was appreciated in all extremities. Lividity was present in the distal upper extremities and visible over the lower abdomen and lower back. His face was suffused with a reddish tone above the ligature sight. Lividity blanched with firm pressure and rigor broke with moderate resistance. Both rigor and lividity patterns were consistent with the position the subject was in when I assessed him. A small amount of dark reddish tinted sputum was present from the nose and midline of the lower lip—the sputum extended down to the lowel at the midline area over his upper chest. I noted a few very small punctate red marks in the lower eyelids. No sign of fluid was present in the ear canals,

The black nylon belt looped a single time around the anterior and lateral aspects of the neek and angled upward along the posterolateral aspects. The carbon slip lock buckle of the belt was positioned right of midline over the right posterior parietal region. The long end of the belt was threaded once through the slip lock and extended upward and slightly to the subject's right, where the distal end of the belt was wedged between the vertical aspect of the closed closet door and doorframe. The point below where the buckle was secured formed an inverted V pattern on the nylon belt strap. There was no sign of a furrow mark or abrasions on the neck or scalp in the void areas beneath this inverted V pattern over the posterior neek. The head hair beneath the buckle was pulled to the right and a slight reddened area on the scalp just above, and to the left of the buckle was noted. The nylon material of the belt was flush against the neck, with no twists in the material. The belt ran along the anterior aspects of the neck and was positioned just below the jaw line. The belt was a little over of an inch wide. A white terry cloth towel was folded lengthwise and had been draped over the belt, creating a barrier between the skin and the belt along the anterior and right anterplateral aspects of the neck. I slightly manipulated the belt and towel in order to visualize the skin beneath. I noted signs of furrow marks on the neck beneath the towel and belt, which appeared consistent with the size and shape of the ligature, I did not fully visualize the neck, as I left the ligature and towel in place in for the Coroner's pathologist to examine them as found.

The height from the floor to the buckle positioned over the subject's posterior head was about 33". The distal end of the belt was wedged between the vertical aspect of the door and doorframe, about 61" from the floor. I could visualize the end of the nylon belt in the space between the door and doorframe, with the distal end of the helt positioned upward. The distance between the fastened buckle and the point where the belt was wedged in the doorframe was about 28". The distance from the top of the subject's head to the floor was about 36". I did not measure the length of the material looped around the next, as the length of the place for transport to the morgue. The c-spine appeared slightly clongated.

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I attempted to open the closet door and noted the doorknob easily turned, but the door did not immediately open. I had to shove the inward opening door open with a slight amount of force by pushing my shoulder into it. The nylon belt immediately dropped from the doorframe upon opening the door.

The walk-in closet contained neatly hung clothing, and multiple pairs of shoes stacked on wooden shelving units. A built-in row of belt hooks was part of the clothing 7 shelving unit in the closet. The belt hook rack held multiple leather and hylon belts.

The interior aspects of the closet doorframe were painted white and I saw no evidence of scratches, impressions or other marks on the paint over this portion of the doorframe. The portion of the door that runs flush to the doorframe had some scratches and markings in the paint. The markings and scratches appeared to run in a downward direction and slightly diagonal, angled toward the exterior side of the door. The markings started at about 68" above the floor. The highest mark measured about 1/2" in length. The next mark started about 64" above the floor and ran downward about 2". The final mark started at about 61" above the floor and coded at about 59" above the floor. The lop of the final marking, 61", was the same height the distal end of the belt was found at prior to opening the door. The markings and their angles in the paint appeared consistent with the distal end of the belt having started at a higher position, subsequently slipping down the doorframe secondary to the subject's bodyweight.

I eased the subject to the floor and noted the sound of air expelling from the subject's mouth upon releasing him from the ligature, I saw no signs of trauma to the face, chest, abdomen, back or legs. Several superficial vertical and horizontal cuts were seen over the inner aspect of the left wrist; these wounds had a scant amount of blood present. No obvious signs of trauma or blood were seen over the palms or tops of the hands. The fingernails were trimmed and no signs of breakage were noted on the fingernails. I saw no evidence of blood on the carpet or door near the subject's body. A grouping of impressions was visible in the skin over the right upper lateral aspect of the subject's back. These impressions were consistent with the shape of the wood molding on the doorframe the subject had been resting against prior to being released from the ligature. Some skin sloughing was present over the proximal end of the impression marks. The skin appeared to have been pushed in an upward direction, consistent with the body having slid down the wood molding.

I searched the subject's pockets and removed an iPhone in a hattery charging cover, and a black cleaning cloth in the left front pant pocket. The right pocket held loose change, a few dollars in cash (folded and secured with a paperclip), keys and a car FOB. A wallet was also removed from the punts, which contained miscellaneous papers and bank cards. The subject was not wearing a wrist watch or ring.

A padded chair was sitting flush against the bunk bed and held a few personal items on the seating portion of the chair: iPad with a red padded cover; nylon belt; closed pocket knife, with the following inscription. "Presented By closed bottle of Queriapine (Seroquel); and single closed push pack dose of Mirtazapine (45mg). On the floor, along the west side of the chair, was a black pair of tennis shoes. Inside the right shoe was a pair of black socks. Inside the left shoe was a black bard case; this case appeared to belong to the pocket knife found on the chair, as the same inscription on the knife was also printed on the inside cover of the case.

I opened the locking blade of the knife found on the chair and immediately noted apparent dried blood on both sides of the blade's edges. I took digital photos of the both sides of the knife, with scale, and closed the blade. The non-serrated blade was 3" long. Smudge marks and suspected fingerprint ridge patterns were noted on the blade.

As noted above, the medication found on the chair in the bedroom included a single dose of Mirtazapine 45mg and a bottle of Quetiapine. The Quetiapine was prescribed by the state of the first state of the state of

The cell phone recovered from the subject's pant pocket did not hold a charge and would not turn on. I charged the phone while on scene and the subject's spouse provided me with the passcode. A search of the cell phone's call logs, texts, e-mails, notes, photos, videos and web browser revealed nothing to suggest suicidal ideation or that any messages of suicidal intent had been sent to anyone. Multiple alarm reminders were on the calendar, all set to remind the subject when to take medications. The last outgoing phone call was to the subject's spouse, dated 08,10.14 at 1908 hours. This call lasted 38-seconds. Susan later told me she briefly communicated with the subject last night when he reported he was picking up some magazines for her at the book store. She said he physically handed her the magazines upon returning home. Prior to this call, a call was made from the subject's phone to on 08,10.14 at 1853 hours.

[atter reported to me this call was in relation to the subject dropping off the wrist watches at thome.]

I searched the contents of the iPad found on the chair next the bunk bed. The web browser had several tabs open to websites discussing medications, including Lyrica and propranolol. There was also a webpage open lipura Google search for

I found nothing on the contents of the iPad consistent with suicidal idention.

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I searched the bathroom attached to the bedroom the subject was found in. There was a damp white washcloth on the bathroom sink's counter. The washcloth had a reddish substance on it, which appeared consistent with diluted fluid - possibly blood. There was no sign of blood anywhere else in the bathroom. An empty can of Ginger Ale was on the sink's counter. I smelled the contents of the can and it smelled consistent with soda. The lid on the commode was up and the seat was down. The commode contained yellowish fluid and toilet paper. I found no medications or anything else of significance in the bathroom,

The rest of the hadroom contained property consistent with halonoine to a technology such as acknowledged and video of

	accessories. The bedroom and bathroom windows were covered with drop down shades. The windows faced the street and were both locked.
	I asked the subject's spouse if Mr. Williams used a personal computer. She showed the a laptop computer in the kitchen / dining area of the home and stated it belonged to the subject. Both the spouse and told me the subject rarely used the computer and most of his correspondence was done on the phone or in writing. Mrs. Williams allowed me to search the contents of the laptop. I found nothing of significance to this case upon reviewing the computer.
	I spoke with Mrs. Williams and Both were very emotional and highly cooperative and very candid. I summarized the following after interviewing them:
	The subject reportedly suffered sporadically from depression for most of his adult life. He had a prior history of alcohol and drug abuse, but had reportedly been sober for several years. He also struggled with anxiety and paranola in the past, but more so over the last year. Despite his long history of depression, he had no known history of suicidal ideation or behavior. In addition to his recent uptick in depression, he was recently diagnosed with early Parkinson's disease. In late June and part of July, 2014, the subject checked into the Lodge at Hazelton, located in Minnesota, which is a retreat associated with a drug / alcohol rehabilitation center. Mrs. Williams stated he did not check in for drug or alcohol abuse, but at the direction of the retreat to aid in essentially rejuvenating the principals of the 12-step program. The hope was the subject would apply the principles in facets of his life he was having struggles with. The subject had been having a difficult time sleeping and would sometimes move around a lot in bed or talk loudly in his sleep, which is why he was sleeping in a separate bedroom from Mrs. Williams. There had been no recent physical or verbal arguments between the subject and his spouse. Yesterday the subject reportedly became concerned about several of his wrist watches, which Mrs. Williams and the subject and his spouse. Yesterday the subject received the watches and said the subject asked to take care of them. The subject was at house sometime between 1900 and 1930 hours, 08.10.14. Mrs. Williams said the subject seemed okay when he arrived home last night. She recalled he was in out of their bedroom several times late last night and runninged through their bedroom closet. She said he grabbed his iPad and she recalled thinking it was good thing he grabbed it, because she assumed he was in a good mood and was going to take time to do some recalled he was wearing a black t-shirt and blue boxers and she described his demeanor as excited.
	Lasked Mrs. Williams about the knife found in the room and to whom it belonged to. She said the subject received multiple gifts from military figures when entertaining troops overseas. The subject had a collection of knives he'd receive over the years - she was certain the knife belonged to the subject. While on the topic on the knife I asked if the subject was right hand or left hand dominant. Mrs. Williams stated the subject was right handed.
Ì	Williams said was very familiar with the subject's personal issues and medical care. Mrs. Williams said and she had no issues with being present for the interview process, as would likely be able to assist with contacts for the subject's medical care practitioners. and Mrs. Williams provided me with the names and contact information for the subject's primary doctor. and his psychiatrist.
- A	I asked Mrs. Williams if the subject had ever mentioned stricide as a solution to a significant health issue. She said it's not a discussion they ever had and he didn't mention anything about suicide following his Parkinson's diagnosis. I asked if she was aware of any prior research he'd done on the subject of suicide or hanging specifically. I also asked and Mrs. Williams if anyone removed or moved anything at all from the scene; they stated nothing was moved or taken prior to arrival of the police and fire department.  I then frankly asked if the subject had any history of autoerotic asphyxin. Mrs. Williams stated he did not.

subject worked on a movie several years ago in which a character who played Mr. Williams! son died in a scene, wherein the son accidentally died secondary to autocrotic asphysiation. said the scene was very difficult and emotional for Mr. Williams.

the movie scene,

said he may have gleaned some information from the scene in regard to using the towel in conjunction with the belithought the subject possibly used to towel in order to avoid pain. Of note, I later viewed this movie scene and mitedalic character that died was found scated on the floor, leaning forward with a ligature around the neck secured to a bed. No towel was utilized in FORBIDDEN BY LAW D-\$-14 MADIN Released to ASO4 MARIE COOSSYCHERIES CHICE CORONER DIVISION

provided me with a daily pill disp subject's prescription medications the prior liking the way some of his medications ma still in each day's slot. I collected the box a Rapaflo; Carbidopa-Levodopa; Quetiapine (prescribed in 2011) and Amoxicillin (for p	de him feel, but they believed he w and the pill bottles they were dispu : Finasteride: and Vitamin D. Med	said the subject had complained was taking them as prescribed. The pased from. The medications incl	in the past about not be medications were luded: Mistazanine:
Prior to clearing the scene, I had the subject Mrs. Williams an opportunity to view the s Chaplain, whom Mrs. Williams invited into incident.	ubject's remains. I stayed in the ro	som with Mrs. Williams, along w	ith the Sheriff's
Upon returning to the Coroner Division, I c reported by Mrs. Williams and	alled and spoke with Dr.		ās
		Dr.	
	<u></u>	Dr.	
	Dř.		
			Or,
	,		
I obtained a copy of the subject's medical reverbally relayed me to be consistent with the		review I found the information I	Òr.
I also requested and received medical record	s for the subject from Marin Gener	ral Hospital Cardiovascular Asse	oriates of Maria
and the Gieveland Clinic. All records were f	orwarded to the Coroner Division's	's Chief Forensio Pathologist for	review.
I called and spoke with Dr.			
Of note, MCSO detectives were on this scene interviews with the subject's spouse	th norm of the sum of the second seco	he conclusion of the scene hivest on of foul play was suspected.	lgation and
MODE OF DECEDENT IDENTIFICATION	, ,		
comparing a post mortem inked right thumbp	fied the subject as Robin Williams, wint to the print on file with the sub in Williams (DOB 07.21, 1951)	bject's government the subject's in bject's government issued photo in CONTRACT LED'S CONTRACT LED'S CONTRACT LED'S CONTRACT LED'S CONTRACT LES'S CONTRACT LES'S CONTRACT LES'S CONTRACT LES'S CONTRACT LES'S CONTRACT LES	identification: CA TOGUESTANCE TESSEANCE TESSEANCE

### PROPERTY & EVIDENCE COLLECTION / RELEASE:

I took several digital photos of the scene and of the subject's remains. All photos were retained at the Coroner Division.

I removed the following items from the subject's pant pockets: iPhone with charging case (battery expended): black cleaning cloth; wallet containing multiple credit cards and business cards; car key with FOP on a leather rope with a white metal skull charm; cash folded in a paperelip; loose change.

The cell phone's call logs, notes, text logs, e-mail, photos and internet web browser were reviewed on scene - all items of property were then released to the subject's spouse prior to clearing the scene.

The following items were collected as evidence by Detective Scott Buer (MCSO): A pocket knife and its case found in the bedroom, and a damp white washeloth with reddish stains found in the bathroom.

The belt and towel secured around the subject's neck was left in place during transport from the scene to the morgine. These items were collected at autopsy by Coroner Investigator K. Advincula and released to Detective Buer with the investigative division of the Marin County Sherift's Office on 08.12,2014.

On 08,12,2014, full body x-rays were obtained while the subject was at the Napa County morgue facility. Copies of the x-rays were retained at the Coroner Division. The Coroner Division's pathologist found no obvious fractures upon review of the x-rays.

I rolled a full set of inked fingerprints from the subject. The print cards were retained with the case file.

On 08.20.2014, I signed out the above-mentioned pocket knife from Detective Leonard (MCSO), whom retrieved the knife from MCSO evidence; MCSO Evidence Item #140005201 #5. I prepared the knife, along with a single purple top of post mortem blood drawn from this subject, for shipment to the NMS DNA lab for DNA comparison on behalf of MCSO Investigations Division.

On 08,29,2014, the knife was returned from the NMS DNA lab. The knife was printed by Detective Leonard (MCSO), who reported the fingerprints on the knife were inconclusive.

On 10.17.2014, NMS labs confirmed the suspected dried red blood on the blade was in fact human blood. Subsequent DNA analysis of this blood confirmed it was the subject's blood.

### FUNERAL HOME/TRANSPORT:

I secured an ID bracelet to the subject's ankle and placed his remains in a white body pouch; the pouch was sealed with lock #030873. The subject was then transported by the Coroner Division's transport service to the Napa County Sheriff Coroner's facility for increased security - pending further examination / case review by the Coroner Division's pathologist.

On 08.12.2014, at the conclusion of the autopsy, the subject was secured in a body pouch, which was resealed with lock #030830 by Coroner Investigator K. Advincula. The subject was then transported to Chapel of the Hills mortuary by the Coroner Division transport service, which was the mortuary of choice for the subject's spouse.

Laccessed the subject's body pouch upon his return to Chapel of the Hills mortuary in order to roll a set of inked fingerprints. The above-mentioned lock, #030830, was still in place. I removed the lock to obtain the fingerprints and then re-scaled the pouch with lock #33015.

### NEXT OF KIN CONTACT / SEARCH INVESTIGATION;

The subject's spouse, Susan Williams, was present on scene upon my arrival. I went over the Coroner Division's role in this case with her and discussed the possibilities of a forensic autopsy taking place. Mrs. Williams indicated she understood the rensoning for the Coroner's involvement and she voiced no objections or concerns. Mrs. Williams allowed to be present during my interview with her. She said I could communicate either directly with Susan, or

provide information to who would relay information to Susan.

CONTROLLED DOCUMENTS
DUPLICATION OF REBSUANCE
FORBEDDEN BY LAW

Date 1.5.14

Released to 1.5.14

ATARIN COUNTY STORINGS OFFICE
CONTROLLED DOCUMENTS OF FICE





# CORONER DIVISION

Robert T. Doyle, Sheriff-Coroner
Marin County Sheriff's Office
1600 Los Gamos Drive Suite #205, San Rafael, CA 94903
Phone: 415-473-6043 Fax: 415-473-6048

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Evidence/Property Receipt

Date: 8.11.14

Case #: 14-17 Decedent: 1011/14/16

Investigator: HARES ALE

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### Chain of Custody

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### CORONER DIVISION

Robert T. Doyle, Sheriff-Coroner Marin County Sheriff's Office 1600 Los Gamós Drive Suite #205, San Rafael, CA 94903. Phone: 415-473-6043 Fax: 415-473-6048

# Prescription Medication Inventory Sheet

Coroner Case Number: CR14-173
Decedents Name: Williams, Robin
Property Sheet Item Number: 1

Date of Death: 1	Investigator: D. Harris, #K2
found 08.11.2014	Harris, #K2
COM	TRO

Carbidopa-Levodopa 25- 90 47	QD PRN 25mg 1 PO 30 22	Amoxicillin 500mg 4 PO 12 14  I hour prior to dental appointment	Finasteride 5mg/l PO 30 29	Rapaflo 8mg I PO QD 30 28		Name of Drug and Number Number  Dosage Prescribed Remaining  Lansoprazole 30 mg 1
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Chain of Custody



# CORONER DIVISION

Marin County Sheriff's Office Robert T. Doyle, Sheriff-Coroner

1600 Los Gamos Drive Suite #205, San Rafael, CA 94903 Phone: 415-473-6043 Fax: 415-473-6048 Evidence/Property Receipt

Case #: CEIH-17 Decedent: Williams Ending

Date: SIZ

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Decedent:



# CORONER DIVISION

Robert T. Doyle, Sheriff-Coroner Marin County Sheriff's Office 1600 Los Gamos Drive Suite #205, San Rafael, CA 94903

Phone: 415-473-6043 Fax: 415-473-6048

Evidence/Property Receipt

Journ Date: 8-10-4 Investigator: 14-14-15

COUNTROLLED BOCUMENTS
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PORBIEDEN BY LAW

Date 11-3-14

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### Chain of Custody

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### CORONER DIVISION

Robert T. Doyle, Sheriff-Coroner Marin County Sheriff's Office 1600 Los Gamos Drive, Suite 200, San Rafael, California 94903 Phone: 415-499-6043 Fax: 415-499-6048

### **AUTOPSY PROTOCOL**

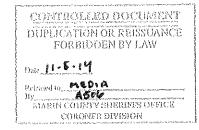
NAME OF DECEDENT: Robin McLaurin Williams

FILE NUMBER: CR14-173

DATE OF AUTOPSY: August 12, 2014

### DIAGNOSES:

- I. Hanging, with:
  - A. Asphyxia, minutes.
  - B. Belt ligature encircling the neck.
  - C. Ligature mark with slight furrow of neck.
  - D. Congestion of the head, above application of ligature.
  - E. Red-brown postmortem dry artifact associated with ligature mark.
  - F. Anterior aspect of ligature mark at and above the level of thyroid cartilage (larynx).
  - G. Upward course of ligature mark to lateral aspects of neck.
  - H. Upward extension of ligature mark along left lateral neck to posterior neck.
  - I. Disappearance of left upper margin of ligature mark at mid-suboccipital neck.
  - J. Disappearance of left lower margin of ligature mark at left posterior neck.
  - K. Disappearance of ligature mark at lateral aspect of right side of neck.
  - L. Ligature abrasion, anterolateral aspect of right side of neck, small (1/4 inch).
  - M. Ligature abrasion, lateral aspect of left side of neck (3/4 inch).
  - N. Palpebral conjunctival petechiae, rare.
  - O. Absence of bulbar conjunctival hemorrhage.
  - P. Absence of strap muscle hemorrhage.
  - Q. Absence of injury to hyoid or cartilages of neck.
  - R. Absence of injury to cervical vertebrae.
  - S. Absence of prevertebral, posterior pharyngeal or periesophageal hemorrhage.
  - T. Protrusion and reb-brown postmortem dry artifact of tongue.
  - U. Contusion of tongue (intraglossal).
  - V. Soft tissue hemorrhage, left medial supraclavicular, focal, small (3/4 inch).
  - W. Circumferential livor mortis, lower aspect of torso.
  - X. Circumferential livor mortis, lower extremities.
  - Y. Tardieu spots of the thighs, circumferential, associated with livor mortis.
- II. Incised wounds of left wrist, multiple, acute, small, superficial, with:
  - A. Absence of injury to major vessels or structures of the wrist.
- III. Healing abrasion, right arm, small (1/8 inch).



- IV. Hypertensive, atherosclerotic and valvular cardiovascular disease, with:
  - A. Hypertrophy and dilation of the heart, marked (530 grains).
  - B. Pitting edema, lower extremities, moderate.
  - C. Arteriolonephrosclerosis, slight.
  - D. Atherosclerosis, aorta and branches, minimal.
  - E. Atherosclerosis, coronary arteries, slight.
  - F. History of aortic valve regurgitation, status post bioprosthetic aortic valve replacement, remote.
  - G. History of mitral valve regurgitation, status post mitral valve repair, remote.
  - H. History of reduced left ventricular ejection fraction.
  - I. History of atrial fibrillation.
  - J. History of palpitations.
  - K. Pulmonary congestion and edema, moderate.
- V. Neuropathologic diagnoses (see separate neuropathology report):
  - A. Diffuse Lewy body dementia (DLBD, aka diffuse Lewy body disease), with:
    - Alpha-synuclein proteinopathy, substantia nigra and ventral tegmental area, occipital cortex, insular cortex, temporal cortex, putamen and amygdala, microscopic.
    - 2. Reduced neuronal density, midbrain (substantia nigra and ventral tegmental area), microscopic.
    - 3. History of left upper extremity tremor, impairment of left hand movement, anxiety, depression, insomnia, paranoia and unspecified cognitive impairments, consistent with diffuse Lewy body dementia.
    - 4. Clinical diagnosis of Parkinson's disease, recent (November, 2013).
    - 5. Treatment with pramipexole and levodopa, recent.
  - B. Other contributing neurodegenerative features:
    - 1. Tauopathy, anterior hippocampus, temporal cortex, cerebral cortex, subcortical white matter, dorsal raphe nucleus in midbrain, microscopic.
    - 2. Astrogliosis, subcortical white matter, tegmentum of midbrain, and cerebellar white matter, microscopic.
  - C. Amyloid angiopathy, microscopic.
- VI. History of alcohol and substance abuse, with.
  - A. Please refer to separate toxicology report.
  - B. Absence of alcohol or illicit drug, postmortem femoral blood sample.
  - C. Therapeutic concentration of levodopa, postmortem femoral blood sample.
  - D. Therapeutic concentration of mirtazapine, postmortem femoral blood sample.
  - E. Presence of caffeine and theobromine, postmortem femoral blood sample.
  - F. Absence of steatosis or fibrosis of the liver, gross and microscopic.
  - G. Absence of needle tracks or recent punctures, extremities.
- VII. Absence of skeletal injury.
- VIII. Appendectomy, remote.
- IX. Nodular hyperplasia of the prostate, with:
  - A. Trabeculation of the urinary bladder.
  - B. Benigu prostatic nodule, adjacent to bladder neck.



### CAUSE OF DEATH: ASPHYXIA DUE TO HANGING

"I hereby certify that I, Joseph I. Cohen, M.D., Chief Forensic Pathologist of Marin County, have performed an autopsy on the body of Robin McLaurin Williams on the 12<sup>th</sup> day of August, 2014, commencing at 8:35 a.m. at the Coroner Division of the Napa County Sheriff-Coroner."

This examination was assisted by Coroner Forensic Technician Alex Torres and Coroner Investigator Kenneth Advincula of the Marin County Sheriff-Coroner, Coroner Division. The examination commenced by breaking a red body bag seal bearing the number 030873. Upon completion of the examination, a red body bag seal bearing the number 030830 is affixed to the body bag.

### **EXTERNAL EXAMINATION:**

The decedent is received in a white body bag. The body is of a well-developed, well-nourished man whose appearance is consistent with the stated age of 63 years. The body length measures approximately 68 inches; the receiving weight is approximately 166 pounds.

The scalp hair is dark with moderate grey and measures up to approximately 2 inches in length. The irides appear blue and the conjunctivae are free of jaundice. Rare ocular petechial hemorrhages are described below. The oral cavity has natural teeth in good condition. There is a mustache and moderate beard stubble. The eyes, ears, nose and mouth are normally developed. The nasal septum is intact. The neck is symmetrical. The chest and abdomen are free of injury. A 9 inch, vertical, midline sternotomy scar is on the anterior chest. A  $3\frac{1}{2}$  inch, slightly obliquely oriented scar is on the right lower quadrant of the abdomen. A tattoo is on the left hip. The external genitalia are of a normal, circumcised, adult man. Injuries to the neck are described below. The back and buttocks are free of injury. There are no injuries to the perianal region. A collection of semisolid, slightly dry, green-brown stool are on the perianal area.

There are no apparent scars on the wrists (comment: injuries to the left wrist are described below). A ½ inch oblique scar is on the anterior aspect of the distal right forearm. The fingernails are of short to moderate length, and well-trimmed. There are no injuries to the hands or feet. There is moderate pitting edema of the legs. A red identification band encircles the left ankle, bearing the decedent's name and Coroner file number.

**POSTMORTEM CHANGES:** The decedent is received unembalmed and well preserved without signs of significant decomposition. Rigor mortis is moderate and symmetrical in the extremities. Livor mortis is moderate and blanches on the dorsal surfaces of the body, and the body is cool.

There is patchy, circumferential livor mortis over the mid and lower aspects of the torso, quite diffuse and more pronounced over the abdominopelvic region, and over the lower extremities. Tardieu spots are scattered over the anterior and posterior aspects of the thighs, on the inferior buttock regions, and on right lower quadrant of the abdomen (comment: Tardieu spots are generally more prominent on the right).

There is an obliquely oriented, oval shaped, slightly indented, 4 x 1 inch, multicolor (yellow-beige-green) patch of postmortem dry artifact on the lateral aspect of the right side of the torso.

CLOTHING: The body is clad in a black, short sleeved t-shirt, black denim pants, a black belt with a white metal buckle, and blue boxer type underwear. A lens cloth is recovered from the left front pant pants pocket.

| DUPLICATION OF RUSSUANCE FOR BIODEN BY LAW

THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES: There is no evidence of therapeutic intervention.

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MARIN COUNTY SHERRES OFFICE
CORONER DIVISION

DUPLICATION OF REISSUANCE FORBIDDEN BY LAW

BY WARE COUNTY CHERIPS OFFICE

Date 11-5-14

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INJURIES, EXTERNAL AND INTERNAL: A belt ligature, measuring approximately 40 inches in length, encircles the neck. The ligature is slightly loose, not tight around the neck. The buckle is positioned behind the head where it is secured to the belt, forming a ligature. A folded, white towel is in place, looped over the front of the ligature (comment: positioned between the skin of the anterior neck and the belt ligature) and resting on the anterior torso. There is moderate congestion of the head and neck, above the level of the ligature. A shallow, blanched, band like ligature furrow on the anterior and lateral aspects of the neck, associated with patchy, red-brown postmortem dry artifact, correlates with the position of the ligature. Dry artifact is more prominent on the inferior aspects of the ligature furrow. There are generally well defined upper and lower margins of the ligature mark, though the margins are less defined on the anterior neck. From the anterior neck, the mark extends obliquely upwards toward the sides of the neck. On the anterior midline, the width of the furrow reaches a maximum width of approximately 2 inches (comment: due to the presence of cloth between the skin of the neck and the ligature) and overlies the anterior neck at and above the level of the thyroid cartilage. The width of the ligature mark tapers to approximately 1 inch on the lateral aspect of the left side of the neck, and the mark terminates on the posterior neck (comment: the upper margin of the mark terminates on the mid-posterior neck, at mid-ear level; the lower margin terminates on the left posterior neck close to the midline, at the suboccipital level; the furrow disappears, blending with livor mortis toward the posterior neck where the ligature mark is reduced to slender, blanched, parallel margins). On the lateral aspect of the right side of the neck, the ligature mark disappears, blending into livor mortis. A small, ¼ inch, red-brown ligature abrasion is on the anterolateral aspect of the right side of the neck, and a \( \frac{3}{4} \) inch, red-brown ligature abrasion is on the lateral aspect of the left side of the neck. A subtle ½ inch red-brown area of postmortem dry artifact is on the inferior margin of the ligature mark, on the anterior neck just to the left of midline.

The tongue protrudes slightly from the oral cavity and there is postmortem dry artifact of the tip of the tongue. There are rare, scattered palpebral conjunctival petechial hemorrhages (comment: several are identified); there are no bulbar conjunctival hemorrhages. There are no petechiae of the face or buccal mucosa. Subsequent dissection reveals absence of strap muscle hemorrhage, absence of injury to the hyoid or cartilages of the neck, and absence of injury to the cervical vertebrae. There is no prevertebral or posterior pharyngeal hemorrhage. There is an intraglossal contusion of the mid-distal tongue. A ¾ inch hemorrhage is in the soft tissue of left medial supraclavicular area.

There are multiple (numbering approximately 10), small, 1/8 to ¼ inch, superficial, fresh, slightly oozing, incised wounds over a 1½ x 1½ inch area on the anterior aspect of the left wrist. The wounds are generally oriented in parallel and perpendicular fashion, and include several linearly arranged, interrupted wounds. Several of the wounds have a focal, purple-blue margin of ecchymosis.

A 1/8 inch healing abrasion is on the anteromedial aspect of the distal left arm.

### INTERNAL EXAMINATION:

BODY CAVITIES: The organs are in their usual situs. There are no significant liquid accumulations within the body cavities. There are marked, diffuse pericardial adhesions (comment: consistent with remote cardiac surgery). There are no pleural adhesions. Slight, focal adhesions are in the right lower quadrant of the abdominal cavity (comment: consistent with remote appendectomy). The blood has a serous consistency.

**HEAD:** The scalp is atraumatic. There are no skull fractures, and there are no epidural, subdural or subarachnoid hemorrhages. The 1750 gm brain is symmetrical and has normal gyri and sulci. There are no acute or remote contusions of the brain. The leptomeninges are smooth, delicate and transparent, and the leptomeningeal vessels are normal. The arteries at the base of the brain are free of significant

atherosclerosis. The cranial nerves have normal distributions. The surfaces of the brainstem and cerebellum are unremarkable.

The cortical gray matter, subcortical and deep white matter, deep gray nuclei and ventricles are macroscopically unremarkable. There is no intracerebral hemorrhage. The cerebrospinal fluid is clear. Horizontal sections of the brainstem and cerebellum are unremarkable, except for moderate, relative pallor of the right substantia nigra. Representative sections of brain, brainstem and cerebellum are retained in formalin, and samples are submitted for routine microscopic and formal neuropathology evaluation.

**NECK:** Injuries to the neck were described above. The cervical vertebrae, hyoid, tracheal and laryngeal cartilages and paratracheal soft tissues are normal. The upper airway is not obstructed. Contusion of the tongue was noted above.

**CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM:** The aorta and branches have slight atherosclerosis. The venae cavae and pulmonary arteries have no thrombus or embolus.

The markedly dilated and enlarged, 530 gm heart has a normal distribution of right dominant coronary arteries. The epicardial vessels have slight narrowing by atherosclerosis with up to 10 - 15 % maximal narrowing of the major vessels. The left ventricle wall thickness measures 1.0 cm. A remotely replaced aortic valve is intact and free of thrombus. The mitral valve appears unremarkable (comment: there is a history of mitral valve repair). The tricuspid and pulmonic valves are free of thickening, vegetation or thrombus. The endocardial surfaces, chordae tendineae and papillary muscles are unremarkable.

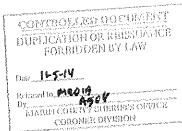
**RESPIRATORY SYSTEM:** The right lung weighs 630 gm, and the left lung, 590 gm. The lungs are well inflated and the visceral pleural surfaces are smooth and glistening. The parenchyma is red and wet without consolidation. Slight to moderate quantities of frothy liquid and blood exude from the cut surfaces. The bronchi contain slight quantities of similar liquid. The vessels have no thrombus or embolus.

**LIVER, GALLBLADDER, PANCREAS:** The 2030 gm liver has a smooth, intact capsule. The parenchyma is red-brown. There is no macroscopically appreciable fatty change or fibrosis. The bile ducts are unremarkable. The gallbladder contains approximately 15 cc of dark green viscid bile without stones. The pancreas is uniformly tan-gray and has a normal lobular appearance.

**HEMIC AND LYMPHATIC SYSTEMS:** The 180 gm spleen has a smooth, intact capsule. The parenchyma is plum colored and moist with distinct follicles. There are no lymph node enlargements. The thymus is atrophic. The bone marrow of the ribs and clavicles is unremarkable.

GENITOURINARY SYSTEM: The kidneys weigh 180 gm each. The cortices are slightly finely granular and the parenchyma has demarcated corticomedullary junctions. The vessels are unremarkable, free of significant atherosclerosis. The calyces and pelves are empty, opening into ureters which maintain uniform caliber and open into a full urinary bladder containing approximately 300 cc of clear, yellow urine. The epithelial surfaces of the bladder display marked trabeculation.

The testes are examined, and they are unremarkable. The prostate is slightly enlarged with nodular greytan cut surfaces (comment: due to nodular hyperplasia). There is a firm, ½ inch prostatic nodule adjacent to the bladder neck.



**ENDOCRINE SYSTEM:** The pituitary is unremarkable. The thyroid is small and symmetrical with uniform, red-brown, glandular cut surfaces. The adrenal medullae are covered by thin, focally expanded, golden yellow cortices.

DIGESTIVE SYSTEM: The esophagus is unremarkable. The stomach contains 200 cc of partially digested food, including tentative pieces of light color meat and/or fruit or vegetable material. The gastric mucosa is free of ulcer or tumor, and displays normal appearing rugal folds. The pylorus is unremarkable. The small and large intestines are unremarkable, free of ulceration, wall thickening or tumor. The small intestine contains green-yellow chyme; the large intestine contains moderate quantities of green, semisolid stool admixed with occasional pieces of corn. The appendix is surgically absent.

MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM: The musculature is well developed and normally distributed. There are no acute skeletal injuries.

### SAMPLES RETAINED, SPECIAL STUDIES:

The following samples are retained for possible toxicological evaluation: Femoral blood, urine, vitreous, liver tissue, brain tissue, and gastric contents.

Tissue samples are collected and placed in formalin, and samples are submitted for routine histological and formal neuropathology evaluation.

Blood is retained in purple and red top tubes.

Full body radiographs are obtained prior to the examination. There are no acute skeletal injuries.

Photographs are obtained by Coroner Investigator Kenneth Advincula of the Marin County Sheriff-Coroner, Coroner Division.

The belt ligature and clothing are submitted to Coroner Investigator Kenneth Advincula.

MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION: Twelve (12) glass slides consisting of hematoxylin & eosin stained tissue samples are examined, yielding the following findings:

Heart (myocardium, multiple sections): slight to marked, variable, myocyte hypertrophy; slight, patchy myocardial fibrosis; absence of acute or chronic inflammation.

Lungs (multiple sections): pulmonary congestion; focal intra-alveolar hemorrhage; absence of acute inflammation; minimal anthracotic pigment accumulation.

Liver: minimal lymphocytic infiltration within portal triads; absence of steatosis or fibrosis.

Spleen: moderate congestion.

Kidney: slight cortical and medullary congestion; absence of acute or chronic inflammation; minimal arteriolonephrosclerosis.

Adrenal: medullary congestion.

Pancreas: moderate autolysis; absence of inflammation or fibrosis.



Thyroid: no significant histopathologic changes.

Prostate: benign, nodular hyperplasia; no evidence of prostate carcinoma.

Brain, brainstem, and cerebellum: absence of acute inflammation or tumor; glass slides, tissue blocks and formalin fixed tissue samples submitted for formal consultation (see separate neuropathology report)

Joseph I. Cohen, M.D. Chief Forensic Pathologist

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### UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA SAN FRANCISCO DEPARTMENT OF PATHOLOGY

505 PARNASSUS AVE., M-551 SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94143-0102

TEL: (415) 353-1613 FAX: (415) 353-1612

### SURGICAL PATHOLOGY REPORT

Male

Visit #:

Location: PA1

Sex:

Patient Name: **DOE**, **JOHN** 

Med. Rec.#:

DOB:

Copy To:

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7/21/1951 (Age: 63)

Soc. Sec. #: |

Physician(s): DOCTOR PROVIDER

Joseph I. Cohen, MD Forensic Pathologist

United Forensic Services, P.C. 448 Ignacio Blvd, Suite 325

Novato, CA 94949

Accession #: **S14-**

Service Date: 10/20/2014 Received: 10/20/2014

Client: Marin

Marin County Coron

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### FINAL PATHOLOGIC DIAGNOSIS

Review of outside slides from Marin County Coroner, San Rafael, CA:

Brain, forensic evaluation (CR14-173, N/A):

- 1. Diffuse Lewy body dementia, with prominent alpha synuclein proteinopathy involving neurons in the substantia nigra, ventral tegmental area, occipital cortex, insular cortex, temporal cortex, putamen, and amygdala; see comments in the Microscopic Description section.
- 2. Tauopathy, affecting neurons in the anterior hippocampus, temporal cortex, cerebral cortex and subcortical white matter of unspecified location, and dorsal raphe nucleus in midbrain.
- 3. Diffuse astrogliosis involving subcortical white matter, cerebellar white matter, and tegmentum of the midbrain.
- 4. Amyloid angiopathy.
- 5. Extravasation of blood in the perivascular space and adjacent brain parenchyma, midbrain.

### COMMENT:

H&E-stained sections for blocks A, B, I, J, K, and L were received for consultation, along with fragments of formalin-fixed brain tissue. Portions of the formalin-fixed tissue with identifiable anatomic structures

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or with gross findings were submitted for processing at UCSF (cassettes M through S). A panel of immunohistochemical stains was performed on all of the sections, and the findings are summarized in the comments that follow the Microscopic Description. Sections of the visceral organs (cassettes C through G) were not reviewed.

### Microscopic Description

A. Brain, occipital cortex:

- 1. Diffuse Lewy body dementia, with abnormal alpha-synuclein-positive protein aggregates in neurons of layers 5 and 6 of the cerebral cortex.
- 2. Astrogliosis, subcortical white matter.
- B. Brain, insular cortex and putamen:
- 1. Diffuse Lewy body dementia, with abnormal alpha-synuclein-positive Lewy body in scattered neurons in the insular cortex and alpha-synuclein-positive Lewy neurites in putamen.
- 2. Astrogliosis, subcortical white matter.
- H. Brain, cortex from unspecified location and cerebellum:
- 1. Diffuse Lewy body dementia, with scattered alpha-synuclein-positive Lewy neurites and occasional cortical neurons with dense alpha-synuclein-positive Lewy bodies.
- 2. Tauopathy, with scattered cortical neurons with abnormal accumulation of tau positive protein in neurofibrillary tangles.
- 3. Astrogliosis, subcortical white matter of cortex and cerebellum.
- I: Brain, left substantia nigra:
- 1. Diffuse Lewy body dementia, with reduced neuronal density in the substantia nigra-and ventral tegmental area. Several remaining neurons showing alpha-synuclein and/or ubiquitin positive Lewy bodies and Lewy neurites. DUPLICATION OR REISSUANCE FORBIDDEN BY LAW
- 2. Microgliosis involving substantia nigra,
- 3. Acute hemorrhage in small vessel perivascular white matter.
- J: Brain, left substantia nigra:
- 1. Diffuse Lewy body dementia, with reduced neuronal density in substantia nigra and ventral tegmental area and widespread alpha-synuclein-positive Lewy bodies and neurites involving remaining neurons in substantia nigra, ventral tegmental area and raphe nucleus.
- 2. Microgliosis and astrogliosis involving substantia nigra,
- 3. Acute hemorrhage in small vessel perivascular white matter.
- K. Brain, right substantia nigra:
- 1. Diffuse Lewy body dementia, with reduced neuronal density in substantia nigra and ventral tegmental area and widespread alpha-synuclein-positive Lewy bodies and neurites involving remaining neurons in substantia nigra, ventral tegmental area and raphe nucleus.
- 2. Astrogliosis involving periaqueductal grey matter, substantia nigra, and colliculus.
- 3. Microgliosis involving substantia nigra,
- 4. Acute hemorrhage in small vessel perivascular white matter.

L: Brain, right substantia nigra:

- 1. Diffuse Lewy body dementia, with reduced neuronal density in substantia nigra and ventral tegmental area and widespread alpha-synuclein-positive Lewy bodies and neurites involving remaining neurons in substantia nigra and ventral tegmental area.
- 2. Microallosis, substantia nigra.
- 3. Acute hemorrhage in small vessel perivascular white matter.
- M: Brain, fragment of midbrain: Diffuse Lewy body dementia, with alpha-synuclein-positive Lewy neurites and Lewy bodies, involving the ventral tegmental area an periaqueductal grey matter neurons.
- N. Brain, anterior hippocampus:
- 1. Diffuse Lewy body dementia, with abnormal alpha-synuclein-positive Lewy bodies and Lewy neurites,

### DOE, JOHN (MR #

S14

involving the amygdala and anterior hippocampus.

- 2. Tauopathy, with frequent neurons containing globose or flame-shaped tau positive neurofibrillary tangles.
- O: Brain, anterior hippocampus:
- 1. Diffuse Lewy body dementia, with abnormal alpha-synuclein-positive Lewy bodies and Lewy neurites, involving the amygdala and anterior hippocampus.
- 2. Tauopathy, with frequent neurons containing globose or flame-shaped tau positive neurofibrillary tangles.
- P: Brain, cortex with prominent vessels:
- 1. Diffuse Lewy body dementia, with scattered neurons containing abnormal alpha-synuclein positive inclusions.
- 2. Amyloid angiopathy.
- Q: Brain, gray matter and subcortical white matter: Scattered cortical neurons with p62 and ubiquitin staining in the cytoplasm.

R: Brain, putamen and Internal capsule: Diffuse Lewy body dementia, with scattered neurons containing abnormal alpha-synuclein-positive inclusions.

S: Brain, cerebellum: Scattered p62 positive structures in the molecular layer.

### DUPLICATION OF REISSTANCE FORBIPOEM BY LAW Bala 11-5-14 Belancin MOOA By ASOC BARRICONTRIVENSION DANCE CORONNA DIVISION

### **Microscopic Description Comments:**

The most prominent features in the submitted H&E-stained sections are the presence of Lewy bodies in the pigmented neurons of the substantia nigra, with a variable degree of loss of the pigmented neurons in both the left and right substantia nigra and the adjacent ventral tegmental area (VTA). Overall, the loss of pigmented substantia nigra and VTA neurons is estimated at 30% to 40%, with most of the remaining neurons showing abnormal cytoplasmic inclusions. The extent of neuron loss in the substantia nigra is consistent with the clincal history of an early disease process. In addition, there are neurons in the temporal cortex and rare neurons in the raphe nucleus (midbrain) showing features of neurofibrillary tangles. In order to further characterize the extent of neurodegenerative features in this case, we performed a series of immunohistochemical stains, and the results are summarized as follows:

Alpha-synuclein immunohistochemistry: The majority of the remaining pigmented neurons in the substantia nigra show prominent alpha-synuclein-positive protein aggregates in the neuronal cytoplasm. Many of the aggregates show typical features of Lewy bodies and Lewy neurites. The alpha-synuclein proteinopathy can also be identified in neurons in several cortical and subcortical areas, including the visual cortex, insular cortex, temporal cortex, putamen, and other unspecified cortical regions. The feature of alpha-synuclein protein aggregate in cortical neurons are characteristic of what has been described as cortical Lewy bodies, in that they form dense cytoplasmic aggregates rather than the typical Lewy bodies with dense core and halo seen in the midbrain. In addition to the above findings, alpha-synuclein positive Lewy neurites are also identified in the putamen, consistent with targeted innervation of this structure by the nigral dopaminergic neurons. Alpha-synuclein and ubiquitin pathology can also be identified in the ventral tegmental area (VTA), a region between the substantia nigra and the raphe nucleus, in the midbrain. Together, the distribution and the abundance of alpha-synuclein proteinopathy in neocortex, limbic structures and midbrain supports the diagnosis of Diffuse Lewy body dementia (aka Diffuse Lewy body disease).

Tau immunohistochemistry: In the anterior hippocampus and temporal cortex (sections N and O) and in an unspecified cerebral cortex section (section H), we have identified scattered neurons with dense tau positive neurofibrillary tangles. The morphology of tau-positive neurofibrillary tangles ranges from the flame-shaped to the globose features. In addition, the neuropii in these cortical sections also shows short, twisted tau positive neurites in the background. There are occasional glial cells in the subcortical white matter with tau positive processes, some of which resemble "coil bodies" - a feature seen in patients with frontotemporal lobar degeneration (FTLD). However, no definite features of tufted

### DOE, JOHN (MR #

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astrocytes or thorny astrocytes are seen. The tauopathy is also identified in rare neurons in the substantia nigra and also in the raphe nucleus, but this is less abundant than the degree of tau pathology identified in the sections of cortex. The presence of tau-positive neurofibrillary tangles has been considered as key diagnostic features of Alzheimer's disease and FTLD.

A-beta amyloid immunohistochemistry: There is no evidence of A-beta amyloid positive plaques in any of the submitted sections. However, there are abundant neurons throughout the cerebral cortex and the midbrain showing prominent A-beta amyloid staining in vesicular structures in the neuronal cytoplasm. This feature has been described as an indicator of cellular stress in neurons. In addition, a single section of cortex from an unspecified location shows dense amyloid staining around small vessels, a feature diagnostic of amyloid angiopathy. The other cortical sections do not show leptomeningeal vessels, so the extent of this finding cannot be accurately determined.

**GFAP and CD68 immunohistochemistry:** There is diffuse, moderate astrogliosis in the subcortical white matter of the cerebral cortex and cerebellum, and in the tegmentum of the midbrain. In the substantia nigra, there is prominent microgliosis in areas where severe neuronal loss is present. These features are consistent with neurodegeneration related to the Diffuse Lewy body dementia and/or the tau pathology.

p62 and ubiquitin immunohistochemistry: Immunostains for p62 and ubiquitin show overlap with the immunostains for alpha synuclein and tau, and highlight globose cytoplasmic inclusions and/or flame-shaped neurofibrillary tangles in the relevant tissue sections. In addition, several sections show a granular background staining with ubiquitin. Sections of the cerebellum (slide S) and the internal capsule (slide R) show a degree of staining for p62 and/or ubiquitin, without concurrent positive constitution.

TDP-43 immunohistochemistry: No evidence of TDP-43 proteinopathy in any of the sections were examined.

By the sections were the sections were examined.

Summary: In conclusion, these neuropathologic findings in this case support the diagnosis of diffuse Lewy body dementia (aka diffuse Lewy body disease or DLBD) using the most recent guidelines established by the National Institute on Aging/Alzheimer's Disease Association (NIA/AA)[1,2], which is characterized pathologically by the presence of alpha-synuclein proteinopathy that affects cerebral cortex, limbic structures and brainstem (including midbrain, pons and medulla oblongata). In contrast to the diffuse alpha-synuclein proteinopathy in DLBD, the alpha-synuclein proteinopathy in Parkinson's disease (PD) is more restricted to brainstem structures [1,2]. Despite the current guidelines, however, given the extensive overlapping of the alpha-synuclein proteinopathy in DLBD and PD and the co-presentation of alpha-synuclein proteinopathy with tau pathology, others have proposed the terminology of Parkinson's Disease Dementia (PDD) to encompass the spectrum of pathology in DLBD and PD [3]. It is important to note that patients with diffuse Lewy body dementia frequently present with Parkinsonian motor symptoms and a constellations of neuropsychiatric manifestations, including depression and hallucination. Clinical correlations with the decedent's neuropsychiatric presentations are strongly recommended.

Another contributing neurodegenerative feature is the tauopathy, which is identified in scattered cortical neurons in the anterior hippocampus, temporal cortex and the dorsal raphe nucleus in midbrain. In addition, there are rare astrocytes with abnormal tau protein aggregates. As mentioned above (in "Tau Immunohistochemistry"), similar features of tauopathy have been described in Alzheimer's disease and in frontotemporal lobar degeneration with tauopathy (FTLD-Tau)[1]. Similar tau protein pathology has also been associated with Parkinson's Disease Dementia [3]. While the significance and contributions of the tau protein pathology in this case remains unclear, it is important to point out that regions affected by the tau protein pathology, including anterior hippocampus, temporal cortex (adjacent amygdala) and dorsal raphe nucleus of midbrain, are important for cognitive functions, mood control and emotion. Hence, it is likely that the presence of tau protein pathology may have contributed to the neuropsychiatric manifestations in the decedent. Correlations with the decedent's clinical presentations are strongly recommended.

Dr. Matthew Wood and Dr. Eric Huang have discussed and communicated the findings with Dr. Joseph

Cohen on 10/24/2014 and 10/28/2014.

### References:

- 1. Montine TJ, et al. National Institute on Aging/Alzheimer's Disease Association guidelines for the neuropathologic assessment of Alzheimer's disease: A practical approach. Acta Neuropath 123(1): 1-11, 2012.
- 2. McKeith IG, et al. Diagnosis and management of dementia with Lewy bodies: third report of the DLB Consortium. Neurology 65: 1836-72, 2005.
- 3. Irwin DJ, et al. Parkinson's disease dementia: convergence of a-synuclein, tau and amyloid-b pathologies. Nature Rev Neurosci 14: 626-636, 2013.

All controls performed with the immunohistochemical stains reported above reacted appropriately. These immunohistochemical stains were developed and their performance characteristics determined by the UCSF Medical Center Department of Pathology, They have not been cleared or approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration, The FDA has determined that such clearance or approval is not necessary. These tests are used for clinical purposes. They should not be regarded as investigational or for research. This laboratory is certified under the Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments of 1988 ("CLIA") as qualified to perform high-complexity clinical testing.

### **Gross Description**

- Case: CR14-173

- Institution: Marin County Coroner.

- City, State: San Rafael, CA.

- Pathologist: Joseph I. Cohen, M.D.

Procedure Date: N/A.
Cover Letter Date: N/A.
Slides received: 12.
Blocks received: 12.

DUPLICATION OR RESSUANCE
FORDIDDEN BY LAW

Data M-5-Y

Release to Macco
Ey
Evaluation of the continuence of

CONTRUCTOR DOCUMENT

One container of formalin with several unoriented fragments of brain tissue, which upon further examinations revealed features of anterior hippocampus and adjacent temporal cortex and amygdala, and other unspecified regions of cerebral cortex and deep structures.

### **Clinical History**

The patient is a 63-year-old man. According to the provided information, the patient developed Parkinsonian signs since approximately 2011. Symptoms included a left arm tremor, and slowing of the left hand movements. The patient was diagnosed with Parkinson's disease in November 2013. Treatment with pramipexole in May 2014 led to some improvement, and levodopa was recently added to his medication regimen. The patient remained physically active until his death in August 2014.

The clinical history is notable for depression, with components of paranoia, compulsiveness, and anxiety. There is a remote history of chronic alcohol and illicit drug abuse. Postmortem toxicology was negative for alcohol or illicit drugs.

Findings on the autopsy examination include cardiac hypertrophy and dilatation. On gross examination of the brain, the right substantia nigra appeared pale in contrast to the left.

Dr. Eric Huang, UCSF Division of Neuropathology, is asked to review the brain microscopy for the case by Dr. Joseph Cohen, United Forensic Services P.C.

Diagnosis based on gross and microscopic examinations. Final diagnosis made by attending pathologist following review of all pathology slides. The attending pathologist has reviewed all dictations and preliminary interpretations performed by any resident involved in the case and performed all necessary edits before signing the final report.

Matthew D. Wood/Pathology Resident

Eric J. Huang/Pathologist Signed: 10/28/2014 14:4

CHICAGO POCUVINT DUPLICATION OF RESPUBLICE PORRESCEED BY LAW

Date 11-5-14

Pelacref to MEDIA

By ASSESSOR SERVED OFFICE CURCUER STARTON

**Order Requisition** 



3701 Welsh Rd. Willow Grove, PA 19090 215-657-4900 \* 800-522-6671

Fax: 215-366-1501 www.nmslabs.com

When you need to know.\*

Accession ID/Reg ID: **Collection Date: Collection Time:** 

08/12/2014 10:00:00

Paguactina	Location

Patient Information Williams Robin M

DOB: 07/21/1951 Gender: Male

Darrell Harris

Fax:

Civic Center - Room 145 San Rafael, CA 94903 Phone:

Web Portal PID:

Patient ID/Case ID: CR14-173

**Order Information** 

Should specimen be returned (addl. charge):

Matrix/Source: Comments:

Bile, Blood-Femoral, Fluid-Vitreous, Urine-Postmortem

Tests Ordered

8092B - Postmortem Toxicology - Expert, Blood (Forensic) Specimen Condition: POSTMORTEM

Can Nms Consume The Sample For Analysis?: YES

Can Nms Micro-Aliquot Samples In Cases With Low Volume?: YES

COPTROLLED FOCULERY DUTTICATION OR FEISTUANCE PORBIDDEN BY LAW Out 11-5-64

THATOM COUNTY DESKUND GROUD. CORONER DEVISION

Chain of Custody (Use only if necessary)				
Purpose of Transfer	Released by: Sign/Print Name	Received by: Sign/Print Name Da		

Note: NMS does not provide Medicare, Medicaid, or any other third party billing services.



### **NMS Labs**

CONFIDENTIAL

3701 Welsh Road, PO Box 433A, Willow Gröve, PA 19090-0437 Phone: (215) 657-4900 Fax: (215) 657-2972 e-mail: nms@nmslabs.com Robert A. Middleberg, PhD, DABFT, DABCG, Laboratory Director

August 28, 2014

TO:

10345

Marin County Sheriff Coroner

Attn: Sgt. Keith Boyd

1600 Los Gamos Drive, Suite 205

San Rafael, CA 94903

TOXICOLOGY REPORT OF:

NMS Workorder No.: NMS Control No.: Client ID No.: X,X

CR14-173

SPECIMENS:

Three (3) labeled gray top tubes (one containing ~ 10.5 mL of femoral blood, one containing ~ 10 mL of femoral blood, and one containing ~ 9 mL of femoral blood); and four (4) labeled red top tubes (one containing ~ 2 mL of femoral blood [leaked in transit], one containing ~ 11 mL of urine, one containing ~ 4 mL of vitreous, and one containing ~ 8 mL of bile [leaked in transit]) were received on 08/14/2014.

**EXAMINATION:** 

Analysis Requested - 8092B - Postmortem Toxicology - Expert, Blood (Forensic)

### FINDINGS:

### Blood

MIRTAZAPINE (by GC/MS and GC)	40 ng/ml.	CONTRACTOR DOCUMENTS
DESMETHYLMIRTAZAPINE (by GC/MS)	Positive	DUPLICATION OR REISSUMECT. FORSHEDEN BY LAW
CAFFEINE (by GC/MS)	Positive	Relevant to MAD 19 By A589 By A589
•		CORONNALOIVERON

THEOBROMINE (by GC/MS)

Positive

Other than the above findings, examination of the specimens submitted did not reveal any positive findings of toxicological significance by procedures outlined in the Analysis Summary,

### COMMENTS:

Mirtazapine has been used clinically as an antidepressant since 1994. It is available as tablets containing 15, 30, and 45 mg. Daily doses for adults are usually in the range of 15 to 45 mg. The oral bioavailability of the drug is approximately 50%. It is well distributed and metabolized to several weakly active products, including desmethylmirtazapine.

Steady-state plasma levels following a daily regimen:

15 mg/day: 27 - 51 ng/mL (peak); 4.3 - 12 ng/mL (trough)

30 mg/day: 56 - 104 ng/mL (peak); 11 - 25 ng/mL (trough)

45 mg/day: 84 - 142 ng/mL (peak); 17 - 39 ng/mL (trough)

60 mg/day: 117 - 199 ng/mL (penk); 25 - 52 ng/mL (trough)

75 mg/day: 137 - 225 ng/mL (peak); 28 - 64 ng/mL (trough)

In one case involving an apparent overdose with Mirtazapine, a postmortent blood concentration of 2700 ng/ml, was reported.

### CONFIDENTIAL

NMS Workorder No: NMS Control No: Client ID No: Page 2 of 3



2. Caffeine is a xanthine-derived central nervous system stimulant. It also produces diuresis and cardiac and respiratory stimulation. It can be readily found in such items as coffee, tea, soft drinks and chocolate. As a reference, a typical cup of coffee or tea contains between 40 to 100 mg caffeine.

Following the oral ingestion of 120 and 300 mg of caffeine, reported peak plasma concentrations of the drug averaged 3.0 mcg/mL (range, 2.0 - 4.0 mcg/mL) and 7.9 mcg/mL (range, 6.0 - 9.0 mcg/mL), respectively. A single—oral dose of 500 mg produced a reported peak plasma concentration of 14 mcg/mL after 30 minutes. Reported concentrations of caffeine in caffeine-related fatalities averaged 183 mcg/mL (range, 79 - 344 mcg/mL).

The reported qualitative result for this substance is indicative of a finding commonly seen following typical use and is usually not toxicologically significant.

The obsorbine is a methylxanthine alkaloid found in tea and cocoa. It is also a metabolite of caffeine. The obsorbine has the general properties of the xanthines, including divires and smooth muscle stimulation.

Respectfully,

Lee M. Blum, Ph.D., DABFT Forensic Toxicologist

This analysis was performed under chain of custody. The chain of custody documentation is on file at NMS Labs.

Unless alternate arrangement are made by you, the remainder of the submitted specimens will be discarded two (2) years from the date of this report; and generated data will be discarded five (5) years from the date the analyses were performed.

### ANALYSIS SUMMARY and REPORTING LIMITS!

All of the following tests were performed for this case. For each test, the compounds listed were included in the scope. Please refer to the Pindings section of the report for those compounds that were identified as being present.

Acode 8092B - Postmortem Toxicology - Expert, Blood (Forensic) - Remoral Blood

-Analysis by Headspace Gas Chromatography (GC) for:

 Compound
 Rpt. Limit
 Compound
 Rpt. Limit

 Acetone
 5.0 mg/dL
 Isopropanol
 5.0 mg/dL

 Ethanol
 10 mg/dL
 Methanol
 5.0 mg/dL

-Analysis by Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (ELISA) for:

Compound Rot. Limit Compound Rpt. Limit Benzodiazepines 100 ng/mL Opiates 20 ng/mT. Cannabinoids 10 ng/mL Oxycodone 10 ng/mL Cocaine / Metabolites 20 ng/mL Salicylates 120 mcg/mL

-Analysis by Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (ELISA) for:

Compound Rpt, Limit
Buprenorphine / Metabolite 0.50 ng/mL

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FORMEDEN BY LAW

Date 11-5-49

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### CONFIDENTIAL

NMS Workorder No: NMS Control No: Client ID No: Page 3 of 3



-Analysis by Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry (GC/MS) for:

The following is a general list of compound classes included in the Gas Chromatographic screen. The detection of any particular compound is concentration dependent. Please note that not all known compounds included in each specified class or heading are included. Some specific compounds outside these classes are also included. For a detailed list of all compounds and reporting limits included in this screen, please contact NMS Labs.

Amphetamines, Analgesics (opioid and non-opioid), Anorectics, Anesthetics, Antiarrhythmics, Anticholinergic Agents, Anticoagulant Agents, Anticonvulsant Agents, Antidepressants, Anticmetic Agents, Antifungal Agents, Antihistamines, Antihypertensive Agents, Antiparkinsonian Agents, Antipsychotic Agents, Antitussive Agents, Antiviral Agents, Anxiolytics (Bonzodiazopine and others), Calcium Channel Blocking Agents, Cardiovascular Agents (non digitalis), Hallucinogens, Hypnosedatives (Barbiturates, Non-Benzodiazepine Hypnotics, and others), Local Anesthetics Agents, Muscle Relaxants, Non-Steroidal Anti Inflammatory Agents (excluding Salicylate) and Stimulants (Amphetamine-like and others).

Acode 32147B Antidepressants / Antihistamines - Confirmation Panel 1, Blood (Forensic) - Femoral Blood

-Analysis by Gas Chromatography (GC) for:

Compound

Rpt. Limit

Mirtazapine

5.0 ng/mL

Acode \$435B Quinine/Quinidine Confirmation, Blood (Forensic) - Pernoral Blood

-Analysis by High Performance Liquid Chromatography/Tandem Mass Spectrometry (LC-MS/MS) for:

Compound

Rpt. Limit

Quinine

100 ng/mL

Quinidine

100 ng/mL

END OF REPORT

COMMENTARY DOCUMENT **CUPLEMENT OF RUSSUANCE** PORTREDESINEY LAW

Onte 11-5-14

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CONOTIENDEVISION

**Order Requisition** 



3701 Welsh Rd. Willow Grove, PA 19090 215-657-4900 \* 800-522-6671

Fax: 215-366-1501 www.nmslabs.com

Accession ID/Reg ID: 08/12/2014 10:00:00

**Collection Date:** 

Collection Time:

When you need to know,"

Patient Information	Requesting Location		
Williams Robin M	DOB: 07/21/1951 Gender: Male	D.Harris-MarinCountySheriffCoroner 1600 Los Gamos Drive Suite 205 San Rafael, CA 94903 Phone:	
Web Portal PID:		Fax:	
Patient ID/Case ID: CR14-173			
	Order Informatio	n	
Should specimen be returned (addl. charge): Matrix/Source; Comments:			
	Tests Ordered		
8092B - Postmortem Toxicology - Expert, Blood ( Specimen Condition: POST			

Can Nms Consume The Sample For Analysis?: YES Can Nms Micro-Aliquot Samples In Cases With Low Volume?: YES

4205SP - Sinemet®, Serum/Plasma

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DUPLICATION OF REILS U	ANCE
POKRIDDEN RY LAY	<b>V</b>
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Date 11-5- 4	
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1y 4504	
MANDEROUNTEY GERRINGER	WKCE
COROHAN DIVISION	

Chain of Custody (Use only if necessary)			
Purpose of Transfer	Released by: Sign/Print Name	Received by: Sign/Print Name	Date

Note: NMS does not provide Medicare, Medicaid, or any other third party billing services.

Ordered: 08/13/2014 12:59 Darrell Harris Printed: 09/11/2014 12:50 Darrell Harris

Routine

Accession ID/Reg ID Page 1 of 1



### NMS Labs

CONFIDENTIAL

3701 Welsh Road, PO Box 433A, Willow Grove, PA 19090-0437 Phone: (215) 657-4900 Fax: (215) 657-2972 e-mail: nms@nmslabs.com Robert A. Middleberg, PhD, DABFT, DABCC, Laboratory Director

September 19, 2014

TO: 10345

Marin County Sheriff Coroner

Attn: Sgt. Keith Boyd

1600 Los Gamos Drive, Suite 205

San Rafael, CA 94903

SUPPLEMENTAL TOXICOLOGY REPORT OF:

X,X

NMS Workorder No.: NMS Control No.:

Client ID No.:

SPECIMENS:

Three (3) labeled gray top tubes (one containing ~ 10.5 mL of femoral blood, one containing ~ 10 mL. of femoral blood, and one containing ~ 9 mL of femoral blood); and four (4) labeled red top tubes (one containing ~2 mL of femoral blood [leaked in transit], one containing ~11 mL of urine, one containing ~4 mL of vitreous, and one containing ~ 8 mL of bile [leaked in transit]) were received on 08/14/2014. One (1) labeled blue vial containing ~ 3.5 mL of "plasma sample, centrifuged and separated from hemolyzed postmortem femoral blood" was received on 09/12/2014.

**EXAMINATION:** 

Analysis Requested - 8092B - Postmortein Toxicology - Expert, Blood (Forensic)

7719SA - Special Request for Carbidopa/Levodopa (Sinemet®)

### FINDINGS:

### Blood

MIRTAZAPINE (by GC/MS and GC)

40 ng/mL

CENTROLLED PORTUGER DUPLE A FOR OF LIBER DANCE RORPHODISH BA FYM

DESMETHYLMIRTAZAPINE

(by GC/MS)

Positive

A506 MAN CORRESPONDED OF WARREN COMMENDATION

CAFFEINE

(by GC/MS)

Positive

THEOBROMINE

(by GC/MS)

Positive

LEVODOPA

(by HPLC)

Positive (approximately 0.31 mcg/mL)

CARBIDOPA (by HPLC)

Not Reported - Unable to identify due to the

presence of a specimen specific matrix issue.

Other than the above findings, examination of the specimens submitted did not reveal any positive findings of toxicological significance by procedures outlined in the Analysis Summary.

### COMMENTS:

Mirtazapine has been used clinically as an antidepressant since 1994. It is available as tablets containing 15, 30, and 1, 45 mg. Daily doses for adults are usually in the range of 15 to 45 mg. The oral bioavailability of the drug is approximately 50%. It is well distributed and metabolized to several weakly active products, including desmethylmirtazanine.

### CONFIDENTIAL

NMS Workorder No; NMS Control No; Client ID No; Page 2 of 3



Steady-state plasma levels following a daily regimen:

15 mg/day: 27 - 51 ng/mL (peak); 4.3 - 12 ng/mL (trough)

30 mg/day: 56 - 104 ng/mL (peak); 11 - 25 ng/mL (trough)

45 mg/day: 84 - 142 ng/mL (peak); 17 - 39 ng/mL (trough)

60 mg/day: 117 ~ 199 ng/mL (peak); 25 ~ 52 ng/mL (trough)

75 mg/day: 137 - 225 ng/mL (peak); 28 - 64 ng/mL (trough)

In one case involving an apparent overdose with Mirtazapine, a postmortem blood concentration of 2700 ng/mL was reported.

2. Caffeine is a xanthine-derived central nervous system stimulant. It also produces diures and cardiac and respiratory stimulation. It can be readily found in such items as coffee, tea, soft drinks and chocolate. As a reference, a typical cup of coffee or tea contains between 40 to 100 mg caffeine.

Following the oral ingestion of 120 and 300 mg of caffeine, reported peak plasma concentrations of the drug averaged 3.0 mcg/mL (range, 2.0 - 4.0 mcg/mL) and 7.9 mcg/mL (range, 6.0 - 9.0 mcg/mL), respectively. A single—oral dose of 500 mg produced a reported peak plasma concentration of 14 mcg/mL after 30 minutes. Reported concentrations of caffeine in caffeine-related fatalities averaged 183 mcg/mL (range, 79 - 344 mcg/mL).

The reported qualitative result for this substance is indicative of a finding commonly seen following typical use and is usually not toxicologically significant.

- 3. Theobromine is a methylxanthine alkaloid found in tea and cocoa. It is also a metabolite of caffeine. Theobromine has the general properties of the xanthines, including diuresis and smooth muscle stimulation.
- 4. Sinemet® is employed as an antiparkinson agent. Following a single oral dose of 100 mg levodopa and 25 mg carbidopa (conventional Sinemet® tablet) concentrations are approximately 0.3 mcg levodopa/mL and 0.05 mcg carbidopa/mL plasma at one hour post dose. The average steady-state trough plasma levels in elderly patients following a regimen of Sinemet® CR (50 mg carbidopa and 200 mg levodopa sustained release tablets) 3 times daily is 0.16 mcg levodopa/mL and 0.07 mcg carbidopa/mL.

The reported concentrations for these substances may not be a true reflection of the analyte levels at and around the time of death due to known instabilities of these substances.

Respectfully

Lee M. Blum, Ph.D., DABFT

Furensic Toxicologist

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Date 11-5-14

COROTHER DEALEROIS

COTTEGE LED DESCRIBING DUFLICATION OF BRIESUANCE

FOR SHODEN BY LAW

This analysis was performed under chain of custody. The chain of custody documentation is on file at NMS Labs.

Unless alternate arrangement are made by you, the remainder of the submitted specimens will be discarded two (2) years from the date of this report; and generated data will be discarded five (5) years from the date the analyses were performed.

### ANALYSIS SUMMARY and REPORTING LIMITS:

All of the following tests were performed for this case. For each test, the compounds listed were included in the scope. Please refer to the Findings section of the report for those compounds that were identified as being present.

### CONFIDENTIAL

NMS Workorder No: NMS Control No: Client ID No:



Page 3 of 3

Acode 8092B - Postmortem Toxicology - Expert, Blood (Forensic) - Femoral Blood

-Analysis by Headspace Gas Chromatography (GC) for:

 Compound
 Rpt. Limit
 Compound
 Rpt. Limit

 Acetone
 5.0 mg/dL
 Isopropanol
 5.0 mg/dL

 Ethanol
 10 mg/dL
 Methanol
 5.0 mg/dL

-Analysis by Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (ELISA) for:

Compound Rpt. Limit Compound Rpt. Limit Benzodiazepines 20 ng/mL 100 ng/mL Opiates Oxycodone Cannabinoids 10 ng/mL 10 ng/mL Salicylates Cocaine / Metaholites 20 ng/mL 120 mcg/mL

-Analysis by Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (ELISA) for:

Compound Rpt. Limit
Buprenorphine / Metabolite 0,50 ng/mL

-Analysis by Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry (GC/MS) for:

The following is a general list of compound classes included in the Gas Chromatographic screen. The detection of any particular compound is concentration dependent. Please note that not all known compounds included in each specified class or heading are included. Some specific compounds outside these classes are also included. For a detailed list of all compounds and reporting limits included in this screen, please contact NMS Labs.

Amphetamines, Analgesics (opioid and non-opioid), Anorectics, Anesthetics, Antiarrhythmics, Anticholinergic Agents, Anticoagulant Agents, Anticoagulant Agents, Anticoagulant Agents, Anticoagulant Agents, Anticoagulant Agents, Antiparkinsonian Age

Acode 52147B Antidepressants / Antihistamines - Confirmation Panel 1, Blood (Forensic) - Femoral Blood

-Analysis by Gas Chromatography (GC) for:

Compound Rpt. Limit
Mirtazapine 5.0 ng/mL

Acode 5435B Quinine/Quinidine Confirmation, Blood (Forensic) - Femoral Blood

-Analysis by High Performance Liquid Chromatography/Tandem Mass Spectrometry (LC-MS/MS) for:

CompoundRpt. LimitQuinine100 ng/mLQuinidine100 ng/mL

CORONELL DEVOSEOR

CENTRALLIENCHVINEY

Acode 7719SA - Special Request for Carbidopa/Levodopa (Sinemet®) - Femoral "Plasma"

-Analysis by High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC) for:

CompoundRpt. LimitLevodopa0.05 mcg/mLCarbidopaNot Reported

\*\*\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*\*